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Agenda – Day 1

- Introduction
- What is a computer program?
- Introducing App Inventor
- Creating the Mole Mash Game

Rowan Academy of Mobile Programming (RAMP)

 Mobile application programming can provide an authentic and engaging hook into computer science. The MIT App Inventor is a visual programming environment that enables students with no programming background to build apps for Android mobile devices. We will use this at Rowan University to teach CS Principles to K-12 students and educators by empowering them to create their own mobile apps and engage them personally, as well as infusing energy and excitement into computer science education.

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The College Board and NSF CS Big Ideas

- Big Idea I: Creativity
- Big Idea II: Abstraction
- Big Idea III: Data
- Big Idea IV: Algorithms
- Big Idea V: Programming
- Big Idea VI: Internet
- Big Idea VII: Global Impact

- You may quickly and easily create applications or "apps" for android smartphones and tablets.
- With App Inventor, you use a screen designer to visually create an app's screen (Figure 1-1).
- Then you use a special editor known as the Blocks Editor to create the actions.
- You visually assemble *code blocks* (Figure 1-2).

MIT App Inventor 2 Project - Connect - Build - Help -My Projects Guide Report an Issue gaddisbooks@gmail.com -Screen1 * Add Screen ... Remove Screen Designer Blocks Palette Viewer Components Properties ☐ Screen1 User Interface Display hidden components in Viewer ImageMyDog **₹41 1** 9:48 imageMyDog Picture ButtonSpeak CheckBox 3 SoundSpeak Visible showing * A Label Width E ListPicker Height A Notifier PasswordTextBox **Slider** TextBox ■ WebViewer (3) Layout Media **Drawing and Animation** Rename Delete Social Non-visible components 40 Storage SoundSpeak Dog png Connectivity Upload File .. LEGO® MINDSTORMS®

Figure 1-1 The App Inventor Designer (Source: MIT App Inventor 2, Pearson Education, Inc.)

MIT App Inventor 2 Project - Connect - Build - Help -My Projects Guide Report an Issue gaddisbooks@gmail.com + Designer Blocks Screen1 * Add Screen ... Remove Screen Blocks Viewer 8 Built-in Control n ButtonSpeak - Click call SoundSpeak Play Lists Colors Vanables Procedures 8 Screent imageMyDog ButtonSpeak SoundSpeak ⊞ Any component Rename Delete Media A 0 Show Warnings Upload File ...

Figure 1-2 The Blocks Editor (source: MIT App Inventor 2)

- App Inventor provides an Android emulator that runs on your computer.
- The emulator (Figure 1-3) is a simulated Android phone.

Figure 1-3 The Android Emulator (Source: MIT App Inventor 2, Pearson Education, Inc.)



- App Inventor Runs in the Cloud.
- App Inventor is part of MIT's Center for Mobile Learning.
- Advantages of the cloud-based approach
- 1. You can access App Inventor from any computer connected to the Internet.
- Your files are maintained and backed up by the host.
- You can be sure you are always running the most recent version of App Inventor.

- A computer program is a set of instructions that a computer follows to perform a task.
- A computer is a device that follows instructions for manipulation and storing data.
- When a computer is performing the instructions, we say it is running or executing the program.

Algorithms

- An algorithm is a set of well-defined, logical steps that must be taken in order to perform a task.
- The instructions have to be translated into machine language.
- In machine language, each instruction is represented by a binary number.
- A binary number is a number that has only ones and zeros. Here is an example.

1011010000000101

Programming Languages

- Each language has its own syntax.
- Syntax is a set of rules that must be strictly followed.
- In traditional programming languages you convert your algorithm into a set of statements.
- Programmers call the statements code.
- An executable program is a file containing machine language instructions that can be directly executed by the computer.

- Programming with App Inventor
- Beginning programmers frequently make typing mistakes resulting in syntax errors.
- In App Inventor, syntax errors never happen, because you do not type programming statements.
- Instead you drag and drop code blocks.
- The blocks can be "snapped" together like pieces of a puzzle.

- Each time you work with App Inventor you will perform the following steps:
 - Open a browser and go to the App Inventor website.
 - Either create a new project or open an existing project.
 - Open The Blocks Editor.
 - Connect either the Android emulator or an actual Android device.

The Designer

The Designer is organized into the following columns:

- The Pallet column.
- The Viewer column.
- The Components column.
- The Media column.
- The Properties column.

Figure 1-16 The Designer (Source: MIT App Inventor 2)



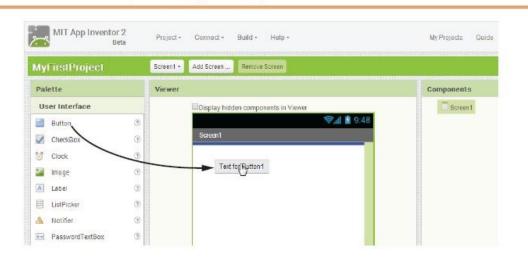
The Palette Column

- The Pallet provides a list of components.
- A component is an item that performs a specific purpose within an app.

- •The different sections of the palette are:
 - *User interface* The fundamental component for building an app's screen.
 - **Layout** Provides components for organizing other components on the app's screen.
 - Media
 - Provides components for taking photos.
 - Recording and playing videos.
 - Recording and playing sounds.
 - Picking Images.

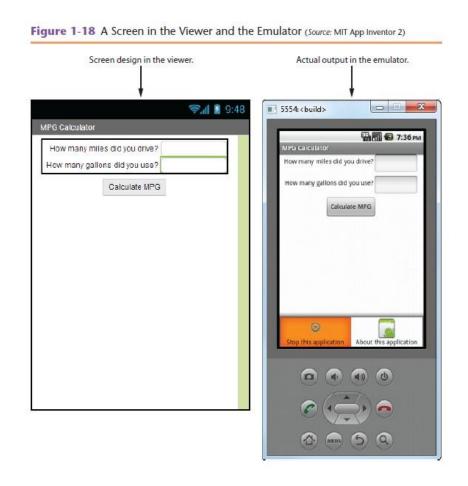
- •The different sections of the palette are:
 - **Drawing and Animation** Provides components for creating simple drawings and animations.
 - Sensors Allows your app to access the device's accelerometer.
 - Social Works with the phones contact list.
 - Storage These components store data locally on a device or remotely on the Web server.
 - Connectivity Provides components for launching external applications.

Figure 1-17 Creating a Component by Dragging it from the Palette to the Viewer (Source: MIT App Inventor 2)



- The Viewer Column
 - You design an apps user interface by dragging components from the Pallet onto the simulated screen in the Viewer.
 - Components you place on the simulated screen in the Viewer might appear slightly different on the emulator screen.

•Notice the shapes of the text boxes and buttons are slightly different between the two screens.



The Components Column

Shows a hierarchical tree listing all of the components that you have placed your app.

The Media Column

Allows you to manage the media files (images, videos, and audio files).

- The Properties Column
- A Components appearance and other characteristics are determined here.
 Here are some examples:
- Label component To display text on your devices screen.
- Image component To display an image under the device's screen.
- **Sound component** If you want the app to play a sound.

- Block's Editor
- A block is a shape that looks like a puzzle piece.

- The blocks column is organized in the following manner:
- Built-In The basic blocks that make up the App Inventor language.
- **Screen1** Each time you add a component to Screen1 in the Designer, a set of component blocks are added to the section.
- **Any component** Allows a programmer to work with any component in the app.



- •The Built-in blocks
- •Figure 1-23 Shows what happens when you click *Math*

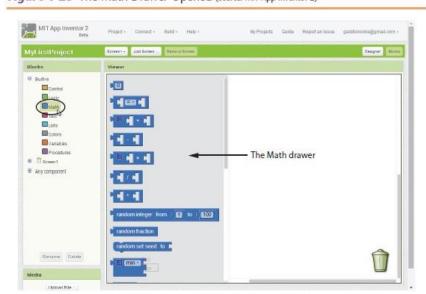


Figure 1-23 The Math Drawer Opened (Source: MIT App Inventor 2)



- The top part of the App Inventor screen shows the following items:
- Project Start, save, and export projects.
- Connect Connect to an Android device or the Android emulator.
- Build Package an app so it can be shared.
- *Help* Provides access to documentation, tutorials, and the App Inventor forum.